

STAAR CHEMISTRY REFERENCE MATERIALS



ATOMIC STRUCTURE

$$\text{Speed of light} = (\text{frequency})(\text{wavelength}) \quad c = f\lambda$$

$$\text{Energy} = (\text{Planck's constant})(\text{frequency}) \quad E_{\text{photon}} = hf$$

$$\text{Energy} = \frac{(\text{Planck's constant})(\text{speed of light})}{(\text{wavelength})} \quad E_{\text{photon}} = \frac{hc}{\lambda}$$

BEHAVIOR OF GASES

$$\text{Total pressure of a gas} = \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{sum of the partial pressures} \\ \text{of the component gases} \end{array} \right) \quad P_T = P_1 + P_2 + P_3 + \dots$$

$$(\text{Pressure})(\text{volume}) = (\text{moles})(\text{ideal gas constant})(\text{temperature}) \quad PV = nRT$$

$$\frac{(\text{Initial pressure})(\text{initial volume})}{(\text{Initial moles})(\text{initial temperature})} = \frac{(\text{final pressure})(\text{final volume})}{(\text{final moles})(\text{final temperature})} \quad \frac{P_1V_1}{n_1T_1} = \frac{P_2V_2}{n_2T_2}$$

$$(\text{Initial pressure})(\text{initial volume}) = (\text{final pressure})(\text{final volume}) \quad P_1V_1 = P_2V_2$$

$$\frac{(\text{Initial volume})}{(\text{Initial temperature})} = \frac{(\text{final volume})}{(\text{final temperature})} \quad \frac{V_1}{T_1} = \frac{V_2}{T_2}$$

$$\frac{(\text{Initial volume})}{(\text{Initial moles})} = \frac{(\text{final volume})}{(\text{final moles})} \quad \frac{V_1}{n_1} = \frac{V_2}{n_2}$$

SOLUTIONS

$$\text{Molarity} = \frac{\text{moles of solute}}{\text{liter of solution}} \quad M = \frac{\text{mol}}{\text{L}}$$

$$\text{Ionization constant of water} = \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{hydrogen ion} \\ \text{concentration} \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{hydroxide ion} \\ \text{concentration} \end{array} \right) \quad K_w = [\text{H}^+][\text{OH}^-]$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{l} \text{Volume of} \\ \text{solution 1} \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{molarity of} \\ \text{solution 1} \end{array} \right) = \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{volume of} \\ \text{solution 2} \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{molarity of} \\ \text{solution 2} \end{array} \right) \quad V_1M_1 = V_2M_2$$

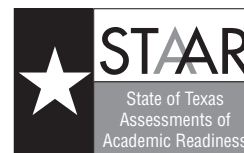
$$\text{pH} = -\log(\text{hydrogen ion concentration}) \quad \text{pH} = -\log[\text{H}^+]$$

THERMOCHEMISTRY

$$\text{Heat gained or lost} = (\text{mass}) \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{specific} \\ \text{heat} \end{array} \right) \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{change in} \\ \text{temperature} \end{array} \right) \quad Q = mc_p\Delta T$$

$$\text{Enthalpy of reaction} = \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{enthalpy} \\ \text{of products} \end{array} \right) - \left(\begin{array}{l} \text{enthalpy} \\ \text{of reactants} \end{array} \right) \quad \Delta H = \Delta H_f^{\circ}(\text{products}) - \Delta H_f^{\circ}(\text{reactants})$$

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OTHER FORMULAS

$$\text{Density} = \frac{\text{mass}}{\text{volume}}$$

$$D = \frac{m}{V}$$

$$\text{Percent error} = \left(\frac{\text{accepted value} - \text{experimental value}}{\text{accepted value}} \right) (100)$$

$$\text{Percent yield} = \left(\frac{\text{actual yield}}{\text{theoretical yield}} \right) (100)$$

CONSTANTS AND CONVERSIONS

$$\text{Avogadro's number} = 6.02 \times 10^{23} \text{ particles per mole}$$

$$h = \text{Planck's constant} = 6.63 \times 10^{-34} \text{ J} \cdot \text{s}$$

$$c = \text{speed of light} = 3.00 \times 10^8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$$

$$K_w = \text{ionization constant of water} = 1.00 \times 10^{-14} \left(\frac{\text{mol}}{\text{L}} \right)^2$$

$$\text{alpha particle } (\alpha) = {}_2^4\text{He} \quad \text{beta particle } (\beta) = {}_{-1}^0\text{e} \quad \text{neutron} = {}_0^1\text{n}$$

$$\text{standard temperature and pressure (STP)} = 0^\circ\text{C and 1 atm}$$

$$0^\circ\text{C} = 273 \text{ K}$$

$$\text{volume of ideal gas at STP} = 22.4 \frac{\text{L}}{\text{mol}}$$

$$1 \text{ cm}^3 = 1 \text{ mL} = 1 \text{ cc}$$

$$1 \text{ atm} = 760 \text{ mm Hg} = 101.3 \text{ kPa}$$

$$R = \text{ideal gas constant} = 0.0821 \frac{\text{L} \cdot \text{atm}}{\text{mol} \cdot \text{K}} = 8.31 \frac{\text{L} \cdot \text{kPa}}{\text{mol} \cdot \text{K}} = 62.4 \frac{\text{L} \cdot \text{mm Hg}}{\text{mol} \cdot \text{K}}$$

$$1 \text{ calorie (cal)} = 4.18 \text{ joules (J)}$$

$$1000 \text{ calories (cal)} = 1 \text{ Calorie (Cal)} = 1 \text{ kilocalorie (kcal)}$$

RULES FOR SIGNIFICANT FIGURES

1. Non-zero digits and zeros between non-zero digits are always significant.
2. Leading zeros are not significant.
3. Zeros to the right of all non-zero digits are only significant if a decimal point is shown.
4. For values written in scientific notation, the digits in the coefficient are significant.
5. In a common logarithm, there are as many digits after the decimal point as there are significant figures in the original number.

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POLYATOMIC IONS		SOLUBILITY OF COMMON IONIC COMPOUNDS IN WATER		ACTIVITY SERIES
Acetate	$C_2H_3O_2^-$, CH_3COO^-	Soluble compounds contain $C_2H_3O_2^-$, CH_3COO^-	Common exceptions None	Lithium
Ammonium	NH_4^+	NH_4^+	None	Potassium
Carbonate	CO_3^{2-}	NO_3^-	None	Barium
Chlorate	ClO_3^-	CN^-	None	Calcium
Chlorite	ClO_2^-	ClO^-	None	Sodium
Chromate	CrO_4^{2-}	ClO_2^-	None	Magnesium
Cyanide	CN^-	ClO_3^-	None	Aluminum
Dichromate	$Cr_2O_7^{2-}$	ClO_4^-	None	Manganese
Hydrogen carbonate	HCO_3^-	Br^-	Compounds of Ag^+ , Pb^{2+} , and Hg_2^{2+}	Zinc
Hydroxide	OH^-	Cl^-	Compounds of Ag^+ , Pb^{2+} , and Hg_2^{2+}	Chromium
Hypochlorite	ClO^-	I^-	Compounds of Ag^+ , Pb^{2+} , and Hg_2^{2+}	Iron
Nitrate	NO_3^-	SO_4^{2-}	Compounds of Sr^{2+} , Ba^{2+} , Pb^{2+} , and Hg_2^{2+}	Cobalt
Nitrite	NO_2^-	Insoluble compounds contain CO_3^{2-}	Common exceptions Compounds of NH_4^+ and the alkali metal cations	Nickel
Perchlorate	ClO_4^-	PO_4^{3-}	Compounds of NH_4^+ and the alkali metal cations	Tin
Permanganate	MnO_4^-	CrO_4^{2-}	Compounds of NH_4^+ and the alkali metal cations	Lead
Phosphate	PO_4^{3-}	$Cr_2O_7^{2-}$	Compounds of NH_4^+ and the alkali metal cations	(Hydrogen)
Sulfate	SO_4^{2-}	OH^-	Compounds of NH_4^+ , the alkali metal cations, Ca^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , and Ba^{2+}	Copper
Sulfite	SO_3^{2-}	S^{2-}	Compounds of NH_4^+ , the alkali metal cations, Ca^{2+} , Sr^{2+} , and Ba^{2+}	Mercury
				Silver
				Platinum
				Gold



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PERIODIC TABLE OF THE ELEMENTS

																		18 8A	
																		2 He 4.003 Helium	
1 1A	2 2A															17 7A	18 8A		
1 H 1.008 Hydrogen	2 He 4.003 Helium															17 F 18.998 Fluorine	18 Ne 20.180 Neon		
3 Li 6.941 Lithium	4 Be 9.012 Beryllium															8 O 15.999 Oxygen	9 F 18.998 Fluorine		
11 Na 22.990 Sodium	12 Mg 24.305 Magnesium															16 S 32.066 Sulfur	17 Cl 35.453 Chlorine		
19 K 39.098 Potassium	20 Ca 40.078 Calcium	3 3B	4 4B	5 5B	6 6B	7 7B	8 8B	9 9B	10 10B	11 11B	12 12B	13 3A	14 4A	15 5A	16 6A	17 7A	18 8A		
37 Rb 85.468 Rubidium	38 Sr 87.62 Strontium	21 Sc 44.956 Scandium	22 Ti 47.867 Titanium	23 V 50.942 Vanadium	24 Cr 51.996 Chromium	25 Mn 54.938 Manganese	26 Fe 55.845 Iron	27 Co 58.933 Cobalt	28 Ni 58.693 Nickel	29 Cu 63.546 Copper	30 Zn 65.38 Zinc	31 Ga 69.723 Gallium	32 Ge 72.64 Germanium	33 As 74.922 Arsenic	34 Se 78.96 Selenium	35 Br 79.904 Bromine	36 Kr 83.798 Krypton		
55 Cs 132.905 Cesium	56 Ba 137.328 Barium	39 Y 88.906 Yttrium	40 Zr 91.224 Zirconium	41 Nb 92.906 Niobium	42 Mo 95.96 Molybdenum	43 Tc (98) Technetium	44 Ru 101.07 Ruthenium	45 Rh 102.906 Rhodium	46 Pd 106.42 Palladium	47 Ag 107.868 Silver	48 Cd 112.412 Cadmium	49 In 114.818 Indium	50 Sn 118.711 Tin	51 Sb 121.760 Antimony	52 Te 127.60 Tellurium	53 I 126.904 Iodine	54 Xe 131.294 Xenon		
87 Fr (223) Francium	88 Ra (226) Radium	71 Lu 174.967 Lutetium	72 Hf 178.49 Hafnium	73 Ta 180.948 Tantalum	74 W 183.84 Tungsten	75 Re 186.207 Rhenium	76 Os 190.23 Osmium	77 Ir 192.217 Iridium	78 Pt 195.085 Platinum	79 Au 196.967 Gold	80 Hg 200.59 Mercury	81 Tl 204.383 Thallium	82 Pb 207.2 Lead	83 Bi 208.980 Bismuth	84 Po (209) Polonium	85 At (210) Astatine	86 Rn (222) Radon		
																		Mass numbers in parentheses are those of the most stable or most common isotope.	
																		Lanthanide Series	
																		Actinide Series	
																		70 Yb 173.055 Ytterbium	
																		69 Tm 168.934 Thulium	
																		68 Er 167.259 Erbium	
																		67 Ho 164.930 Holmium	
																		66 Dy 162.500 Dysprosium	
																		65 Tb 158.925 Terbium	
																		64 Gd 157.25 Gadolinium	
																		63 Eu 151.964 Europium	
																		62 Sm 150.36 Samarium	
																		61 Pm (145) Promethium	
																		60 Nd 144.242 Neodymium	
																		59 Pr 140.908 Praseodymium	
																		58 Ce 140.116 Cerium	
																		57 La 138.905 Lanthanum	
																		102 No (259) Nobelium	
																		101 Md (258) Mendelevium	
																		100 Fm (257) Fermium	
																		99 Es (252) Einsteinium	
																		98 Cf (251) Californium	
																		97 Bk (247) Berkelium	
																		96 Cm (247) Curium	
																		95 Am (243) Americium	
																		94 Pu (244) Plutonium	
																		93 Np (237) Neptunium	
																		92 U 238.029 Uranium	
																		91 Pa 231.036 Protactinium	
																		90 Th 232.038 Thorium	
																		89 Ac (227) Actinium	